

Renaissance to French Revolution FRQ Questions

Renaissance

1. Analyze the factors that contributed to the increasing centralization of Spain and the factors that contributed to the continuing fragmentation of Italy in the period 1450–1550. (2011)
2. Evaluate the changes and continuities in women's public roles during the Renaissance. (2009 B)

New Monarchies

1. Analyze various ways in which technological developments contributed to the expansion of state power in the period 1450 to 1600. (2012)

Reformation & Wars of Religion

1. Analyze various ways in which religious reform in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries influenced the arts. (2012)
2. Analyze the various Protestant views of the relationship between church and state in the period circa 1500–1700. (2010)
3. Analyze various ways in which the Thirty Years' War (1618–1648) represented a turning point in European history. (2009)
4. Analyze the impacts of the Protestant Reformation and the Catholic Reformation (Counter Reformation) on the social order of sixteenth-century Europe. (2009 B)
5. Analyze the reasons for the decline of the Holy Roman Empire as a force in European politics in the period 1517 to 1648. (2008 B)

Exploration (Old Imperialism)

1. Analyze the various effects of the expansion of the Atlantic trade on the economy of Western Europe in the period circa 1450–1700. (2010)

Science & Enlightenment

1. Compare and contrast Enlightenment and Romantic views of nature, with reference to specific individuals and their works. (2011)
2. Analyze the ways in which the ideas of seventeenth-century thinkers John Locke and Isaac Newton contributed to the ideas of eighteenth-century Enlightenment thinkers. (2010 B)
3. Analyze how Galileo, Descartes, and Newton altered traditional interpretations of nature and challenged traditional sources of knowledge. (2009)
4. Compare and contrast the political ideas of Hobbes and Locke. (2008 B)

17th-18th Century

1. Analyze how the political and economic problems of the English and French monarchies led to the English Civil War and the French Revolution. (2011)
2. Describe the challenges to royal authority in eastern Europe in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries and evaluate the effectiveness of those challenges. (2011 B)
3. Describe and analyze the impact of the rise of Russia on international relations in Europe in the period from 1685 to 1815. (2011 B)
4. Compare and contrast the economic and social development of Russia with that of the Netherlands in the period 1600–1725. (2010 B)
5. Analyze the extent to which Frederick the Great of Prussia and Joseph II of Austria advanced and did not advance Enlightenment ideals during their reigns. (2009)
6. Compare and contrast the economic factors responsible for the decline of Spain with the economic factors responsible for the decline of the Dutch Republic by the end of the seventeenth century. (2009)
7. Analyze the impact of the major developments of the Commercial Revolution on Europe's economy and society in the period 1650 to 1789. (2009 B)
8. Analyze the methods and degrees of success of Russian political and social reform from the period of Peter the Great (1689–1725) through Catherine the Great (1762–1796). (2008)
9. Describe and analyze the changes that led to Europe's rapid population growth in the eighteenth century. (2008)

French Revolution & Napoleon

1. Analyze various ways in which government policies during the Revolutionary and Napoleonic era contributed to a greater sense of French national identity in the period 1789 to 1815. (2012)

Miscellaneous

1. Assess the ways in which women participated in and influenced TWO of the following. (2010 B)
 - The Renaissance
 - The Reformation
 - The French Revolution
2. Analyze the impact of TWO cultural and/or technological developments on European education in the period 1450 to 1650. (2008 B)

Change-in Time

1. Contrast Renaissance Florence with Reformation Geneva with respect to religion, government, and everyday life. (2011 B)
2. Analyze the ways in which European monarchs used both the arts and the sciences to enhance state power in the period circa 1500–1800. (2010)